# Atmospheric Deposition is a Potentially Large Contributor

- Atmospheric deposition of trace metals a significant source to Santa Monica Bay
  - Indirect deposition could be a large fraction of stormwater runoff
- Large scale distribution of trace metal deposition is unknown
  - Last large scale study was in 1975
- Deposition of organics previously unstudied

## Atmospheric Deposition Questions

- What is the air-water flux of trace metals along the So Cal coast?
   Influence of urban air mass
- 2. What is the exchange of organic contaminants between environmental compartments?
  - air, water, sediment

#### Methods

Trace metals – coastal transect study

- Dry particle deposition
- 8 sites between Santa Barbara and San Diego
- Comparison with data from 1970's

Organics – multimedia study at 4 sites

- Concentrations in air/water/sediment
  - DDT, PCB, PAH, Chlordane, other pesticides
- Air-water Flux = gas exchange; dry particle deposition
- Water-Sediment Flux = diffusive flux; sedimentation









 Lead flux has decreased dramatically since 1975 at all sites

 Zinc flux has increased at LAH and SDB since 1975





### DDT

- Atmosphere is a source of DDT to the water column through gas exchange and dry deposition
- Sediment is a source of DDT to the water column
- LAH-sediment is larger source to water than air (~3x)
- SDB-air is larger source to water than sediment





### PCB

 Water column is a source of PCB to the atmosphere through gas exchange

Sediment is a source of PCB to the water column through diffusive flux (except at UNB, due to high sedimentation flux)





### PAH

- Water is a source to the atmosphere through gas exchange
- Sediment is a source to water column through diffusive flux
- Sediment source to water is >> larger than loss to air





#### **Current Status**

- Trace metals
  - SCCWRP Technical Report
  - In press at ET&C

Organics

 Drafting SCCWRP Technical Report